SHAHEED MAJOR HARMINDERPAL SINGH (S.C.V.) GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, SAHIBZADA AJIT SINGH NAGAR

Phase-6, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar-160055

Phone No. 0172-2225164

e-mail ID:principal.gcmohali@gmail.com



Acknowledgement Receipt of the Energy Audit

Detailed Energy Audit of Government College, Phase- VI, SAS Nagar (Mohali), Punjab

Acknowledgement

R K Energy Solutions places on record its sincere thanks to the management of Punjab Energy Development Agency Chandigarh for entrusting the Energy audit of Government College, Phase- VI, SAS Nagar (Mohali), Punjab

We are thankful to all the officials of Punjab Energy Development Agency for their assistance and guidance available through their web site, circulars & workshops as well as during energy audit of this unit particularly: -

Sh. M P Singh: Director

Er. Kulbir Singh: Joint Director (EC) Er. Money Khanna: Project Engineer

Government College, Phase- VI, SAS Nagar: We also express sincere thanks to the campus administration & staff without whose constant support; we could not have carried this audit. Special thanks are to following:

1.Mrs. Harjeet Gujral Principal

2.Mrs. Harsh Bala Associate Professor 3.Mrs. Manisha Mahajan Lecturer Physics

5.Sh. Sanjay Paul
Junior Engineer PWD(B&R) Electrical Division, Punjab
6. Sh. Ravinder Singh
Technician Grade II PWD (B&R) (1998) Technician Grade II PWD (B&R) Electrical Division, Punjab

7. Sh. Amrinder Singh Pesco Helper PWD (B&R), Punjab and

Senior Lab Attendant (Dept. HSc) Govt. College, Mohali 8. Sh. Gian Singh

Engineers who participated in audit & report preparation

1) Er. R.K. Aggarwal A.E.A - 0111

2) Er Rakesh Kumar Sharma: EA: 10080 3) Er Vibhor Aggarwal: EM-300062/21

4) Er Varun Sharma: B (Tech), PGD industrial Safety Management

Er. R.K. Aggarwal **R K Energy Solutions**

BEE's Accredited Energy Auditor- 0111

SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagan



PUNJAB

ENERGY DEVELOPMENT

AGENCY

(A Punjab Govt. Undertaking)

no 3069 Dated 16 05 23

M/s. R.K Energy Solutions, 174 HIG Urban Estate. Phase -1, Jalandhar-144022 Email: rkenergysolutions (@gmail.com

Subject:

Work order for conducting Energy Audit of Govt. College Building, Phase-6, S.A.S Nagar (Mohali),

Please refer to your financial bid regarding the subject cited

matter

We are pleased to place the work order upon you for conducting Energy Audit of Govt. College Building, Phase-6, S.A.S Nagar (Monak), at a total cost of Rs 74,340/- (Rupees Seventy-Four Thousand Three Hundred Forty only) inclusive of all taxes. The completion period will be 45 days from the date of issue of work order

SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of the work includes a detailed study & prepare energy sudd. report. The report shall consist all the recommended energy efficiency measures along with the proposed costing & payback analysis. The report shall also consist photos, electricity bills and data taken through tools during the energy audit of building. The final report submission within 45 days from the date of issue of work order

TIMELINE AND DELIVERABLES

The broad timeline for this Project is as under

Project Phase	Expected completion date from the date of Issue of work order
Draft Energy Audit Report submission	Within 30 days
Final Report submission as per the scope of work to the satisfaction of PEDA	Within 45 days after compilation of draft report observations and shortcomings

PAYMENT SCHEDULE

60% payment will be released on acceptance of draft report.

ii The balance 40% payment will be released on completion of report to the satisfaction of PEDA and submission of 3 nos. coloured hard copies of the final report.

iii. Tax deductions will be made as applicable SOLAR PASSIVE COMPLEX Principal

SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar. ENERGY DEVELOPMENT

AGENCY

(A Punjab Govt. Undertaking)

... 3069

Dated: 16/05/23

OTHER TERMS & CONDITIONS:

 The completion period for conducting energy audit will be 45 days from the date of issue of work order.

ii. Any other tax on the material or the turnover shall be payable by the BEE Empanelled / Accredited Energy Auditors will not

entertain any claim in this respect

unless otherwise stated, the contract shall be for the whole work as described in the scope of work. The BEE Empanelled Energy Auditors shall be bound to complete the whole work as described.

iv. In case, the party fails to complete the work within the shoulated period, penalty will be charged @ 1% of the total value of work order every week to the maximum of 10% of work order.

The scope of work can be increased or decreased by PEDA at any time.

You are requested to start the work within 3 days from the date of assue of work order. Please send the acceptance copy of this work order by return post or through email.

Principal, SMHPSSCV, Govt. College Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.

Water Works Complex, Phase- 2, S.A.S NAGAR, Punjab mdlsasnagar@gmail.com

To,

Sub Divisional Engineer

SUB DIVISION NO. 2 SAS NAGAR

No.: RWTLSAS/2324/00053 Dated: 07/06/2023

Subject: Testing Reports of Water Samples.

Reference: Your Letter/SRF No. Letter No.690 Dated: 22/05/2023

As per above cited subject and reference, Please find enclosed here with the report of 2 Water sample/s received on dated 31/05/2023. It is request to fill the attached feedback form and send it back to Regional Water Testing Lab, SAS Nagar

D/A: Test Report

Authorized Signatory

For, Regional Water Testing Lab

SAS Nagar

Principal,
SMHPSSCV, Govt. College,
Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.

Water Works Complex, Phase- 2 , S.A.S NAGAR , Punjab mdlsasnagar@gmail.com



					TEST REPOR	RT		
Nam	e & Address	of Custor	ner :		Customer Refe	rence No.	No : Letter No.690 Dated : 22/05/2023	
	Divisional En	_	IA CAD		Sample Submit	ted by	Jaspreet JE	
SUB	SUB DIVISION NO. 2 SAS NAGAR			Date of Sample	Receipt	31/05/2023		
					Analysis Startin	g Date	31/05/2023	
					Analysis comple	etion Date	01/06/2023	
Disci	pline : Chem	ical Testi	ing		Group: Water			
ULR I	No.:	TC97782	23000000093F		Sample Type :		Water	
Test	Report No.:	RWTLSA	S/2324/00053	3	Date of Issue :		07/06/2023	
Regis	tration no.:	RWTLSA	S/REG2324/00	0202	Condition of Sa	imple :	Unsealed	
Colle	ction Point:	House T	ap Water (FHT	C)	Quantity/Type	of Bottle:	1000 ml / Plastic Bottles	
Sche	me/Source:	Not Mei	ntioned(Not M	lentioned)	Location/Depth	n:	Govt College, Phase 6 , SAS Nagar (Tubewell) / NA	
Villag	ge:	Not Mei	ntioned	tioned			Not Mentioned	
Block	α:	Not Me	lot Mentioned		District :		SAS Nagar	
Latitu	ıde :	Not Me	ntioned		Longitude:		Not Mentioned	
Sr.	D		R		500:2012 (2nd ev.)	Unit	Reference Method :	
No	Paramo	eter	Result	Acceptable Limit	Permissible Limit	Onit	Reference Method:	
1	рН		8.01	6.5-8.5	No Relaxation		IS 3025 (Part 11-1993) Electrometric Method	
2	Colou	ır	<5	5	15	CU	IS 3025(Part 4-2021) Visual Comparison Method	
3	Odou	ır	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable		IS 3025 (Part 5 – 2018) (Second Revision)	
4	Tast	е	NT	Agreeable	Agreeable		IS 3025 (Part 8 – 1984) (RA 2017)	
5	TDS	r.	132	500	2000	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16-1984) Gravimetric Method	
6	Turbid	ity	7.52	1	5	NTU	IS 3025 (Part 10-1984) Nephelometric Method	
7	Alkalin	ity	80	200	600	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 23-1986) Indicator Method	
8	Hardn	ess	116	200	600	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21- 2019) EDTA Method	
9	Calciu	m	24.05	75	200	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40-1991) EDTA Titrimetric Method	
10	Magnes	ium	13.61	30	100	mg/l	APHA (23rd Ed.2017) Method: 3500-Mg+2 B By Calculation Method	
11	Chlori	de	14	250	1000	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32-1988) Argentometric Method	

This Report is issued under the following terms & Condition:

- 1. The results apply to the sample as received only.
- 2. The sample will be destroyed after retention time unless otherwise specified specially.
- 3. This report is not to be reproduce wholly or in part and can't beused be as evidence in court of law.
- 4. Abbreviation used (TDS = Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l = milligram per liter, BDL = Below detection limit, APHA = American Public Health Association, IS = Indian Standard, NT = Not Tested, NA = Not Applicable NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit, RA = Reaffirmed), ND=Not Detected
- 5. * Value not available or test not performed for this parameter.
- 6. Tempreture condition limit: 25±5°C and Humidity condition limit:50 ±20%

Mr. Manik Kataria Sr. Chemist Authorized Signatory

For, Regional Water Testing Lab

SAS Nagar

Principal,
SMHPSSCV, Govt. College,
Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar

-- End of the Test Report

Page No: 1/3



Water Works Complex, Phase- 2 , S.A.S NAGAR , Punjab mdlsasnagar@gmail.com

					TEST REPOR	RT		
Name	e & Address	of Custor	ner :		Customer Refe	rence No.	No : Letter No.690 Dated : 22/05/2023	
	Divisional En DIVISION NO	_	IACAD		Sample Submitted by		Jaspreet JE	
306	DIVISION NO). Z 3A3 N	IAGAK		Date of Sample	Receipt	31/05/2023	
					Analysis Startin	g Date	31/05/2023	
					Analysis comple	etion Date	01/06/2023	
Discip	pline : Chem	ical Test	ing		Group: Water			
ULR I	No.:	TC97782	23000000093F		Sample Type :		Treated Water	
Test	Report No.:	RWTLSA	S/2324/00053		Date of Issue :		07/06/2023	
Regis	stration no.:	RWTLSA	S/REG2324/00	203	Condition of Sa	imple :	Unsealed	
Colle	ollection Point: Treatment Plant Quantity/Type of Bottle: (RO/CWPP/ARP/HH Purifier)		1000 ml / Plastic Bottles					
Schei	Scheme/Source: Not Mentioned(Not Mentioned)		entioned)			Sector 57 , Mohali (Water Treatment Plant , Sector 57) / NA		
Villag	ge:	Not Me	ntioned	Habitation :			Not Mentioned	
Block	κ:	Not Me	ntioned	District :			SAS Nagar	
Latitu	ude :	Not Me	ntioned	Longitude:			Not Mentioned	
Sr.			_	-	er IS-10500:2012 (2nd Rev.)			
No	Parame	eter	Result Acce		Permissible Limit	Unit	Reference Method :	
1	рН		7.78	6.5-8.5	No Relaxation	1	IS 3025 (Part 11-1993) Electrometric Method	
2	Colou	ır	<5	5	15	CU	IS 3025(Part 4-2021) Visual Comparison Method	
3	Odou	ır	Agreeable	Agreeable	Agreeable		IS 3025 (Part 5 – 2018) (Second Revision)	
4	Taste	9	NT	Agreeable	Agreeable		IS 3025 (Part 8 – 1984) (RA 2017)	
5	TDS		254	500	2000	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 16-1984) Gravimetric Method	
6	Turbid	ity	4	1	5	NTU	IS 3025 (Part 10-1984) Nephelometric Method	
7	Alkalin	•	23 6	200	600	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 23-1986) Indicator Method	
8	Hardne		172	200	600	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 21- 2019) EDTA Method	
9	Calciu		28.86	75	200	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 40-1991) EDTA Titrimetric Method	
10	Magnes	ium	24.30	30	100	mg/l	APHA (23rd Ed.2017) Method: 3500-Mg+2 B By Calculation Method	

Principal, SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.

Water Works Complex, Phase- 2 , S.A.S NAGAR , Punjab mdlsasnagar@gmail.com



11	Chloride	18	250	1000	mg/l	IS 3025 (Part 32-1988) Argentometric Method
	Cilionae	10	230	1000	6/	15 5025 (Fart 52 1500) Algertometric Method

This Report is issued under the following terms & Condition :

- 1. The results apply to the sample as received only.
- 2. The sample will be destroyed after retention time unless otherwise specified specially.
- 3. This report is not to be reproduce wholly or in part and can't beused be as evidence in court of law.
- 4. Abbreviation used (TDS = Total Dissolved Solids, mg/l = milligram per liter, BDL = Below detection limit, APHA = American Public Health Association, IS = Indian Standard, NT = Not Tested, NA = Not Applicable NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Unit, RA = Reaffirmed), ND=Not Detected
- 5. * Value not available or test not performed for this parameter.
- 6. Tempreture condition limit: $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C and Humidity condition limit: $50\pm20\%$

Manis Katania

Mr. Manik Kataria Sr. Chemist Authorized Signatory For,Regional Water Testing Lab SAS Nagar

------ End of the Test Report

Principal,
SMHPSSCV, Govt. College,
Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagari

Government College Retired Teachers' Welfare Association (Punjab) (Regd. No. 453 of 2022-23)

Regd. Office 4021, Sector 68, Mohali. Phone-M-9876014201 (Email:pgertwa2022/argmail.com, Website:pbgertwa.org)

General Secretary

Gurjant Singh, PES-I (Retd.) #4021, Sector 68, Mohali. M. 9876014201

Reference No.19/2023



President

G. S. Johal, PES-I (Retd.) # 70, Sector-70, Mohali. M. 9876168770

Date:30-05-2023

Letter of Appreciation

Hon'ble Smt. Harjit Gujral ji,

Government College Retired Teachers' Welfare Association (Punjab), represents D.P.I.s, Principals, Teachers and Librarians retired from Government Colleges of Punjab. Association has been working for the welfare of Retired Teachers and Higher Education including giving away of one time Scholarships to needy and meritorious students since 1990. During the year 2022-23 we gave scholarship of Rs. 2500 each to 200 students of Government Colleges including 20 students of Government College Mohali.

This Association usually organizes meetings of State General House, State Executive Body and Tricity Unit. It's a matter of great appreciation and acknowledgement that yourself as Principal and your staff not only allow us organize such meetings in your campus but also extend the required logistical support. We, the members of this association appreciate your spirit of help and facilitation which encourages us to work for fulfillment of our cause and for a long run association with Higher Education Institutions of Punjab. We are thankful to you and your staff.

With regards.

(GURJANT SINGH) / GENERAL SECRETARY

Smt. Harjit Gujral, Principal,

Government College, Mohali.

Yours Sincerely,

(GURMEL SINGH JOHAL)

PRESIDENT

Principal, SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagari

SHAHEED MAJOR HARMINDERPAL SINGH (S.C.V.) GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, SAHIBZADA AJIT SINGH NAGAR

Phase-6, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar-160055

Phone No. 0172-2225164

e-mail ID:principal.gcmohali@gmail.com



Workshop on Flower Arrangement



The Home Science Department organised a 2-day workshop on flower arrangement and decoration using best out of waste and artificial flowers from March 10, 2023 to March 11, 2023. It was indeed a wonderful initiative towards promoting environmental sustainability and

Principal,
SMHPSSCV, Govt. College,
Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.

SHAHEED MAJOR HARMINDERPAL SINGH (S.C.V.) GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, SAHIBZADA AJIT SINGH NAGAR

Phase-6, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar-160055

Phone No. 0172-2225164

e-mail ID:principal.gcmohali@gmail.com

creativity. By encouraging the use of waste material and artificial flowers in decoration, the workshop can help participants explore innovative ideas and techniques to create beautiful flower arrangements without compromising on environmental responsibility. Such workshops can promote the utilization of eco-friendly practices not only within the campus but also in the larger community. Organizing such events can help in raising awareness about the importance of recycling and reusing materials and inspire students to be proactive in environmental conservation efforts.



The Home Science Department organised a 3-day Tie-n-dye workshop in collaboration with Fevicryl. The purpose of organizing this workshop for college students was to teach them how to be creative and give new life to old, dull clothes using a fun and exciting technique. Students learnt the basic techniques of tie-dyeing, selecting the right colours and materials, and experiment with different patterns to create their own unique and vibrant designs. This workshop not only inspired students to engage in creative activities but also promoted the importance of reusing and recycling materials. Reusing old clothes through tie-dyeing can reduce the need for new clothing production and minimize waste. This workshop provided an opportunity for students to learn about sustainable fashion and make a positive impact on the environment through their creativity.

Plogging for Plastic



Plogging for Plastic is routinely practiced by college students where they engage in jogging or running while picking up litter or plastic waste in the campus. This eco-friendly activity promotes fitness and clean surroundings while raising environmental awareness among students. By combining physical exercise with environmental activism, Plogging for Plastic encourages students to adopt sustainable habits and be more conscious of their impact on the environment. It is a great way for college students to get involved in a meaningful and impactful activity that benefits both themselves and the planet.

Principal,
SMHPSSCV, Govt. College,
Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagari

SHAHEED MAJOR HARMINDERPAL SINGH (S.C.V.) GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, SAHIBZADA AJIT SINGH NAGAR

Phase-6, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar-160055

Phone No. 0172-2225164

e-mail ID:principal.gcmohali@gmail.com

Awareness Workshop

An awareness workshop about Lifestyle for Environment was organised by the college's Department of Botany and Zoology on May 27, 2023. The main objectives behind conducting a workshop on the topic of 'lifestyle for environment' for students may include raising awareness about sustainable living practices that can help preserve the environment and improve individual well-being. It may also aim to encourage students to adopt eco-friendly lifestyle choices that can reduce the negative environmental impact of their daily activities. By providing students with information on the potential benefits and impacts of different lifestyle choices, a workshop on this topic may also promote critical thinking and responsible decision-making skills among students. This may include discussing the importance of reducing waste, conserving natural resources, and minimizing pollution.



Beyond the campus environmental initiative

The NSS Unit of the college organised a rally on the theme 'Save the Environment' on 19-10-2022 in which multiple teams led by 10 students each were allocated different villages and their objective was to educate people and farmers not to burn the stubble.

Principal, SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagan

(7.1.6 (IV))

The institution is actively involved in promoting environmental and energy conservation activities.

- Tree plantation drives are undertaken by the college on various occasions throughout
 the year. Van Mahotsav was celebrated and a plantation was done on the college
 campus by the Environment Committee of the college. Students of the B.Sc. Medical
 stream planted saplings and conducted an awareness drive by making posters based
 on Environment Conservation.
- The students are regularly advised to turn off the fans and lights when they leave their classrooms.
- In the joint efforts of the Red Ribbon Club and the NSS department of the college, the Professors of the Science Department potted plants under the theme "Green Village, Clean Village" in the college campus on September 29, 2021.
- In view of the pandemic of Omicron, the entire campus was repeatedly sanitized in order to maintain a covid-free zone in the college.
- The members of the Energy Conservation/Energy Audit Committee of the college ensure efficient and effective utilization of electricity in the college and ensures no electricity overuse or wastage by personally investigating different blocks of the college rotation-wise.



SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagan

Environmental Promotional Activities

- The institution is actively involved in promoting environment and energy conservation activities.
- Tree plantation drives are undertaken by the college on various occasions throughout the year.
- An online inter-college quiz on "Earth Day" was conducted by Science Department on April 22, 2021.
- In view of Pandemic of Covid-19, the campus was repeatedly sanitized in order to maintain "Covid-free zone" in the college.
- Van Mahotsav was celebrated by the Environmental Committee in te college in August, 2020.
- Tree plantation was done in the college campus by Botany and Zoology Department in September, 2020.

SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.

7.1.6 TREE PLANTATION:



Principal, 4 / SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagan

- 27 ATEAT PERENTE - 15-09-17-

ਸਿੱਧੂ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਰੁੱਖ ਤੇ ਕੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਦਾ ਹੋਕਾ

ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ ਮੁਹਾਲੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ ਤੇ ਸਵੱਛਤਾ ਸਮਾਰੋਹ



- उनपर उप्नाला--15-09-17-



रिष् मेहर-15-09-17-

ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ, ਮੋਹਾਲੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਣ ਅਤੇ ਸਵੱਛਤਾ ਸਮਾਰੋਹ



ਮੋਹਾਲੀ, 14 ਸਤੰਬਰ (ਹਰਬੇਸ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਬਲਬੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸਿੱਧੂ ਅਤੇ ਬਾਹਰੇ ਬਾਗੜੀ :- ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ, ਆਏ ਮਹਿਮਾਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਜੀ ਆਇਆ ਮਹਾਲੀ ਵਿਖੇ ਕਰਕਾਇਆ, ਗਿਆ। ਸ ਆਬਿਆ। ਬਲਬੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸਿੱਧੂ ਐਮਮੋਹਾਲੀ, ਜੀ ਵਾਤਾਕਰਟ ਨੂੰ ਸਬੰਧਰ ਕਾਲਜ ਦੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਹੋਇਆ ਸ਼ਹਿਤ ਨੂੰ ਸਬੰਧਰ ਕਾਲਜ ਦੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਗੀਰ, ਨੁੱਕੜ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਕਿਹਾ ਕਿ ਵਾਤਾਕਰਟ ਅਤੇ

Pafel B 7-18-07-17-

ਐਨਐਸਐਸ ਵਾਲੰਟੀਅਰਾਂ ਨੇ ਪੌਦੇ ਲਾਏ

ਅਸਟਕਸ ਨਗਰ (ਜੁਚਾਰ), 1. ਜੁਣਾ ਹੈ ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ ਐਸਏਐਸ ਨਗਰ (ਮੁਹਾਲੀ) ਵਿੱਚ ਐਨਐਸਐਸ ਵਾਲੇਟੀਅਰਾਂ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ ਦੀ ਸੁੱਧਰਾ ਅਤੇ ਰੁੱਖਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਭ ਸੰਭਾਲ ਕਦਾ ਲਗਾ ਕ ਗਰੀ ਹਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਨਜ਼ ਦੇ ਸਮੂਹ ਸਟਾਫ਼ ਮੈਂਬਰਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਦੁਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਜੀਵਨ 3 ਵੱਧ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਪੈਂਦੇ ਲਗਾਉਣ ਅਤੇ 1ਨਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਲੱਗੇ ਹੋਏ ਪੈਂਦਿਆਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਭ 1ਲ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਸਗੂੰ ਚੁਕਾਈ। ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ 1ਆਂ ਕਿ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ



ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸੀਪਲ ਸ੍ਰੀਮਤੀ ਕੋਮਲ ਬਰੋਕਾ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੌਦੇ ਲਗਾਉਂਦੇ ਹੋਏ। ਫੋਟ ਸੋਫ਼ੀ

ਅਲਜ਼ਰ ਮੁਹਾਰੀ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਕਾਲਜ ਨੂੰ ਨਿੰਮ. ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਮੌਕੇ ਕਾਲਜ ਦੇ ਵਾਈਸ ਜ਼ਾਮਨ, ਅਮਲਗਾਸ਼ ਅਤੇ ਅੱਬ ਦੇ ਪੇਂਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਿਸੀਪਲ ਡਾ. ਜਸਵਿੰਦਰ ਸਿੰਘ, ਮੁਹੰਦੀਆ ਕਰਵਾਏ ਗਏ। ਜਿਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਲਜ ਕੌਸਲ ਅਤੇ ਐਨਐਸਐਸ ਦੇ ਪਾਲਣ ਪੇਜ਼ਣ ਦੀ ਜ਼ਿਮੇਵਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ ਦੇ ਐਨਐਸਐਸ ਅਤੇ ਵਾਡਾਵਰਤ ਫੁਲੈਂਟ, ਪ੍ਰੋ ਅਰਵਿੰਦ ਕੌਰ, ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਗੁਣਜੀਤ ਸੰਭਾਲ ਕਮੇਟੀ ਨੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਮੇ ਲਈ ਕੌਰ ਵੀ ਹਾਜ਼ਰ ਸਨ।

- 9701E/187-18-07-17-

ਐੱਨ. ਐੱਸ. ਐੱਸ. ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ ਵਿਖੇ ਪੌਦੇ ਲਗਾਏ



Principal, 4 1 SMHPSSCV, Govt. College, Sahibzada Ajit Singh Nagar.



TESTING & CONSULTANCY CELL **GULZAR GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS**

"A+" Grade Accredited, ISO: 9001 2015, AICTE, GOVT, OF PUNJAB

GT ROAD, KHANNA, LUDHIANA, PUNJAB 🖀 01628 521400 🔘 director@ggi.ac.in

To

Government College SAS Nagar

Mohali - 160056 Punjab, India

Subject: Green Audit Report.

Sir.

Please find enclosed herewith the green audit report of Government College SAS Nagar, Mohali, Punjab.

> Dr. Sarbjeet Kaushal Incharge Testing & Consultancy Cell

Enclosed: As above



GULZAR GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS

Approved by AICTE, Ministry of HRD, Govt. of India, Affiliated to Punjab Technical University, JALANDHAR









GREEN AUDIT REPORT

2023

SHAHEED MAJOR HARMINDERPAL SINGH (SHAURYA CHAKRA) GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, SAHIBZADA AJIT SINGH NAGAR



INTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE CELL



CONTENTS

Sr. No.	Titles/Topics	Page No.
1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	OBJECTIVES	3
3	METHODOLOGY	3
4	ABOUT THE COLLEGE	4
5	VISION & MISSION STATEMENT	4
6	GREEN AUDITING	7
7	LAND USE ANALYSIS	7
8	GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION WITH CAMPUS MAP IN SCALE	8
9	TREE DIVERSITY	10
10	FAUNAL DIVERSITY	20
11	WEATHER DATA	26
12	AIR QUALITY	29
13	WATER ANALYSIS REPORT	30
14	RAIN WATER HARVESTING	31
15	NOISE LEVEL IN THE SURROUNDING	32
16	WASTE DISPOSAL	34
17	ROOF TOP SOLAR PANELS	36



INTRODUCTION:

Green Audit is a comprehensive process that involves identifying, recording, analyzing, and reporting on an institution's environmental diversity. Its primary objective is to assess how the institution's environmental practices affect the eco-friendly atmosphere of the institute and its surroundings. The Green Audit enables the college to examine its resource consumption patterns, such as energy, water, and other resources, and identify areas that need improvement. Furthermore, it cultivates environmental awareness, ethics, and values among staff and students, offering them an in-depth understanding of the impact of Green practices on the campus. Given the increasing significance of sustainability, it is imperative for educational institutions to evaluate their role in promoting a sustainable future. Hence, institutional self-evaluation becomes a necessary step towards achieving this objective. This emphasizes the crucial role of higher educational institutions in meeting environmental sustainability targets.

The rapid pace of economic and urban development has brought about numerous environmental and ecological challenges, emphasizing the importance of establishing Green Campuses in educational institutes. Implementing such a system encourages sustainable growth while significantly reducing atmospheric CO₂ levels. According to the National Assessment and Accreditation Council, New Delhi (NAAC), Higher Educational Institutions must submit annual Green Audit Reports to ensure compliance with this approach. Additionally, as part of the Corporate Social Responsibility, the institution must seek to reduce its carbon footprint to combat the potentially devastating effects of global warming.

OBJECTIVES:

The Green Audit of educational institutions has become increasingly important in recent years as a means of self-assessment in mitigating prevailing environmental issues. Our college has been making consistent efforts to maintain a clean environment since its inception. Thus, the goal of this current green audit is to identify, quantify, describe, and prioritize the framework of Environmental Sustainability in accordance with relevant regulations, policies, and standards. The main objectives of carrying out Green Audit are:

- To map the Geographical Location of the college.
- > To document the floral and faunal diversity of the college.
- To record the meteorological parameter of Mohali where college is situated.
- To document the ambient environmental condition of weather, air, water and noise of the college.
- To document the waste disposal system.

METHODOLOGY:

The purpose of the green audit of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar is to ensure that the practices followed in the campus are in accordance with the Green Policy of the country. The methodology includes: collection of data, physical inspection of the campus, observation and review of the documentation and data analysis.

GROUP OF

WALLIDHIANIP

ABOUT THE COLLEGE:

S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar was founded in May of 1984 with the goal of delivering quality education to students in the Mohali township and surrounding rural areas. The college's vision and mission are encapsulated in its motto, emblem, and song, which are prominently displayed on the college premises. The pursuit of truth and knowledge, which are essential to life, are at the heart of the college's motto "Aspire for Truth," which serves as a motivational reminder to students to strive for this truth. The soaring swan in the college emblem symbolizes the human desire for truth and the aspirations to excel in the fields of art, culture, and science. The inspiration for this emblem, has come from the words of Guru Amar Das, the third Sikh Guru:

"The God-wards in God's love are pure like the swans, and sublimating their ego they abide on the shores of Lord's sea"

The swan, a legendary water-bird known for its ability to select only the pearls, has become a symbol of purity and truth. Its significance has been woven into numerous legends. In Indian mythology, Saraswati, the goddess of knowledge and wisdom, rides on the back of a swan, as it embodies these qualities.

The 'College song' serves as an inspiration to the students, encouraging them to strive for knowledge and wisdom while aiming to excel in physical, moral, and intellectual fields. It motivates them to remain steadfast in upholding truth and goodness while confronting the obstacles and evils that life may bring, akin to the young martyrs Sahibzada Ajit Singh and Sahibzada Jujhar Singh, who were renowned for their bravery and sacrificed their lives in service to their beliefs. The college's main objectives are focused on providing students with a holistic education, covering academic, cultural, moral, and aesthetic facets. The college is dedicated to achieving its goals and actively working towards them with persistence and effort. The college understands the significance of a well-rounded education and is determined to continue striving towards that objective by creating an environment that encourages students to explore and learn beyond academics.

VISION & MISSION STATEMENT:

OUR VISION

The Vision of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar is to:

- Groom students to "Aspire for the Truth" as is our college motto; which inculcates values of Integrity, Patriotism and love for Global Peace.
- Empower students from every section of society to achieve Academic Excellence Cultural enrichment and employability for their all-round holistic development.
- Educate students in productive and latest technologies to enable them to face global challenges.

GROUP OF

4 LUDHIAN

OUR MISSION

In order to fulfil the vision of the college in letter and spirit, IQAC prepares the Academic calendar of the college timely so that all the departments can adhere to it. The college's Emblem with the swan soaring into the expanses of the vast universe signifies individual's quest for Truth and his aspirations to scale higher and higher heights in the fields of Art, Commerce and Science. Therefore, this college aims at imparting the strength of body and mind to attain the wisdom of the swan. To do so the college follows the given measures:

- > To groom leadership at various levels.
- Prepares perspective plan document, which is an important component of the college strategy deployment process.
- Has a well-defined organizational structure with effective processes developed for all its major activities.
- Has an effective feedback system involving all stakeholders.
- > Has an action plan and schedule for its future development.
- > Has an effective Grievance Redressed Cell.
- Considers Student Satisfaction Survey as an input factor for all policies of the college.
- > Takes sustained interest in recruitment and promotion aspects of its employees.
- Adheres to the Government of India/State Government policies on recruitment (access, equity, gender sensitivity and physically disabled).
- Has an effective welfare mechanism for teaching and non-teaching staff.
- Ensures transparent use of Performance Appraisal Reports.
- Conducts programmes to enhance the competency of its faculty and non-teaching staff.
- Uses performance budgeting as a core planning activity for decision making.
- Incorporates gender sensitivity to enhance inclusiveness.
- > Strictly adheres to optimal utilization of budget.
- Conducts internal and external audits regularly for better monitoring and management of finances.
- Leadership takes initiatives for mobilization of resources.
- Considers academic audit of departments and its impact as an important quality initiative.
- Has an effective quality management and enhancement systems.
- Reviews its teaching-learning process, structure, methodologies of operations, and learning outcomes at periodic intervals.
- Has an Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC), which has contributed significantly to institutionalizing quality assurance, strategies and processes.
- Receives valuable feedback from the external members of the IQAC for its functioning.
- Addresses the needs of the society and students in accordance with its mission statement. Besides generation and transmission of knowledge.
- Makes provisions for imparting education in the humanities, sciences, learned professions, and such other branches of learning as it may think fit for research and advancement and dissemination of knowledge.
- Undertakes appropriate measures to
 - promote research and development in Punjabi, Hindi and English language and literature.
 - progressively adopt Punjabi, Hindi and English language as a medium of instruction and examination for as many subjects as possible.



- Promotes education among communities which are educationally backward.
- Has excellent NCC, NSS and Sports centres that promote physical well-being, sports culture, military training, and sensitization of students towards the existing and upcoming social issues.

CORE VALUES:

In keeping with the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations (SDGs 2030), S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar has initiated several sustainable practices on campus.

The College's best practice – "The Gift of Green: Towards Building a Sustainable and Clean Campus" aims to build an environmentally sustainable campus that is plastic free, produces minimal waste, conserves energy, protects biodiversity and practices self-sustainability in areas of power, water and cleanliness through notable projects on campus:

- Energy and Water Conservation Facilities on campus such as Solar Power Plant and Rainwater Harvesting.
- Greening of the college campus by planting and nurturing trees and growing organic vegetable gardens.
- Responding to the needs of differently abled persons the campus is fitted with 3 ramps, 2 disabled-friendly washrooms and wheelchair and Braille signage. The Equal Opportunity Cell organizes training sessions for students concerning sensitivity to the differently abled.
- Our college values inclusionary practices at multiple levels. We celebrate cultural, regional, linguistic, socio-economic diversities through various student societies.
- Our college educates students about their Fundamental Rights and Duties through various programmes organized by Departments/Societies.
- Our college fosters a Code of Professional Ethics and Conduct for students, teaching and non-teaching staff and the governing body to promote the core values of the college.
- Our best practice "Campus Placements/Internships: Empowerment through Employment" empowers our students through employability, making them socially, politically and economically active citizens. Given the skewed male-female ratio in urban professional spaces, the Placement Cell and individual departments connect young women with potential employers and provide opportunities for internship, fellowship and summer training.

The Institution's distinctiveness lies in the empowerment of FIRST GENERATION LEARNERS from the lesser privileged sections of rural and urban society. The college addresses the changing needs of students and society in the most innovative, engaged, compassionate way while providing cutting edge, competitive education. Various clubs and societies play a critical role in fostering gender sensitivity, environmental awareness and human rights. The Internal Complaints Committee handles cases of sexual harassment, ragging and examination related queries. Our college offers formal in-house Counselling and guidance services for its students through professionally trained counsellors regularly on its campus.

GREEN AUDITING:

In a committed effort towards environmental conservation and sustainability, the college has embraced the 'Green Campus' model, founded on three key pillars. These include eliminating environmental footprints, improving occupants' health and performance, and ensuring all graduates display full environmental literacy. The focus is on reducing energy, CO₂ emissions, and water consumption while cultivating a conducive learning environment that fosters student health and wellbeing. Green auditing plays an important role in promoting environmental sustainability on college campus. By conducting a Green Audit, college can identify areas where it is using excessive amounts of energy or resources, and make changes to reduce its environmental impact. In addition, a Green Audit can help college comply with environmental regulations and demonstrate its commitment to sustainability to stakeholders. By incorporating sustainability into its overall mission and operations, our college helps create a more environmentally conscious culture and prepare students to become responsible global citizens.

LAND USE ANALYSIS, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar (As on May 27, 2023):

GENERAL OVERVIEW OF THE CONCEPT OF LANDUSE

Land use refers to the diverse activities which humans undertake and the benefits they derive from land. When viewed from space, land use has emerged as a pivotal aspect of human engagement with natural resources. In situations where land use is evolving rapidly, earth observations from space can provide valuable information on human activities and landscape utilization. Today, Remote Sensing and Geographic Information System (GIS) technologies are equipping us with cutting-edge tools for advanced land use mapping and planning. By collecting remotely-sensed data, we can analyze earth system functions, patterns, and changes at local, regional, and global scales, across time. This also facilitates the generation of land-use maps, where satellite imagery, in particular, has emerged as a powerful tool.

METHODOLOGY ADOPTED FOR LAND USE MAPPING:

Three types of data which are GPS points, field survey data, and Google Earth data for Geo referencing have been used in this study. Land use maps of the study area have been prepared using the above three types of data with the help of ArcGIS Pro software.

DATA PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS:

Land use map preparation is executed through the following steps:

Acquisition of data (Location: Latitude 30.737884°, Longitude 76.711928°), Geo-coding and Georeferencing of satellite imageries have been obtained by extracting the ground control points. Supervised classification was carried out with the aid of ground truth data collected during the field survey. Scanning and digitization of maps and editing of all the Georeferenced maps were done using GIS. Data manipulation and analysis and linking the spatial data with the attribute



Green Audit Report, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

data for creation of topology was carried out using GIS software. Creation of GIS output in the form of land use map showing various land use have been prepared.

Therefore, attempt has been made in this study to map land use for S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar, with a view to detect the land consumption in the built-up land area using both remote sensing and GIS techniques.

GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION WITH CAMPUS MAP IN SCALE:

The college has a sprawling pollution-free campus spread over 22.70 acres of land in Mohali district in Punjab, India. Mohali is an administrative and commercial hub lying south-west of Chandigarh. Mohali has developed rapidly as an IT hub of the state of Punjab. Mohali is well-connected with metros of India and also with South-Asian countries via International Airport, Mohali.

Scaled image of the college campus is shown in Photo 1. Green color in Map represents the green area. The Google aerial views of College Campus Part1 and Part 2 have been shown in Photo 2 and 3 respectively which are showing different college buildings, sports stadium, hostels and residential areas.



Photo 1: Aerial View of College Campus Part 1 (Source: Google Earth)





Photo 2: Aerial View of College Campus Part 2 (Source: Google Earth)



Photo 3: Plan of College campus (Source: Google Earth)





LAND USE DATA OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

CATEGORIES OF LAND USE	AREA (m²)
PLANTATION AREA	71244.63
BUILT UP AREA (INCLUDE ROADS)	20619.01
TOTALAREA	91863.64





The total area of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar is 91863.64 m² out of which the built up area (include Roads) is □pprox.. 22.4 % (i.e. 20619.01 m²) and plantation area is □pprox.. 77.5 % (i.e. 71244.63 m²).

LAND USE (BUILT UP AREA) ANALYSIS:

The built up area of 22.4 % (i.e. 20619.01 m²) consists of the following regions as stated below for land consumption in built up area of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

Table: Area occupied by various buildings at S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

Sr. No.	Name of Building	Number of Floors	Area (m²)
1.	Admin Block	2	1944.96
2.	Science Block	2	750
3.	Student Centre	2	272
4.	Sabrang Hall	1	800
5.	Society Building	2	628
6.	Boys' Hostel	2	1899.87
7.	Girls' Hostel	1	
8.	Sports Ground	1.	14324.18
9.	Guard Room	1	
10.			
11.			



FINDINGS:

The Land Use Analysis Report is prepared by

TREE DIVERSITY OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

S.M.H.S. Government College in S.A.S. Nagar, Mohali proudly occupies a geo-position between latitude 30.73832°N and longitude 76.712214°E, spanning a breathtaking expanse of 22.70 acres. The college campus is an oasis of lush greenery, boasting an unmatched diversity of tree species that provide invaluable ecological functions. Planted over the years through various plantation programs, these towering beauties have become an integral part of the college's DNA. Beyond enhancing the quality of life for those on campus, they contribute immeasurably to our environment by providing oxygen, enhancing air quality, modulating climate, conserving water, preserving soil, and supporting wildlife. A veritable banquet for many species of birds and insects, these trees protect them from predators while providing them with food and shelter. Each species displays an endless variety of shapes, forms, textures and vibrant colours that vary with the seasons, while their strength and regal stature imbue them with a monument-like quality. As we forge emotional connections with these tree giants, we are reminded of the glorious history of our institution, which has played such an outsized role in maintaining the environment of Mohali and its surrounding areas. With a thick belt of large trees surrounding the campus, this eminent institution has also dramatically reduced noise levels and protected against dust and storms.

The college campus has approximately 400 trees In the mini-forest area and 393 numbered full-grown trees, leading to a total number of approximately 800 full-grown trees in the college campus. Following are the awe-inspiring tree species that enrich our college community and the world beyond:

Table: List of tree species of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

S.no.	Common Name	Botanical Name	Family	No. of Trees
1	Tahli	Dalbergia sisso	Fabacaae	15
2	Arjun	Terminalia arjuna	Combretanceae	20
3	Chakrossia	Chukrosia tabularis	Meliaceae	15
4	Bahera	Termiwalia bellirica	Combretaceae	18
5	Harrar	Termiwalia chebula	Combretaceae	7
6	Jammun	Syzygium cimini	Myrtaceae	3
7	Shireen or Siris	Albizia lebbeck	Fabaceae	7
8	Kachnar	Bauhinia variegate	Fabaceae	5
9	Kikar	Acacia nilotica	Mimosoidae	5



10	Sukkehain	Pongamia pinnate	Fabaceae	18
11	Neem	Azardirachta indica	Meliaceae	4
12	Mango	Mangifera indica	Awacaddiaceae	13
13	Shehtoot	Morus alba	Moraceae	4
14	Bael	Aegle marmelos	Rutaceae	1
15	Guava	Psidium guajava	Myrtaceae	16
16	Sagwaan	Tectona grandis	Lamiaceae	25
17	Balam Kheera	Kigelia africava	Bignoniaaceae	1
18	Moulsari	Mimusops slengi	Sapotaceae	2
19	Popular	Polulus deltoids	Salicaceae	5
20	Vilayati kikar	Prosopis juliflora	Fabaceae	5
21	White fig	Ficus virens	Moraceae	15
22	Simal	Bombax ceiba	Malvaceae	15
23	Dhak	Butea monosperma	Fabaceae	2
24	Silver Oak	Grevillea robusta	Proteaceae	19
25	Safeda	Educalyptus globulus	Myrtaceae	100
26	Marungi	Syzium zeylanucum	Myrtaceae	300
27	Gulmohar	Delonix regia	Fabaceae	4
28	Amaltas	Cassia fistula	Fabaceae	5
29	Toon	Toona ciliate	Mekiaceae	25
30	Chandni	Tabernaemontana divaricate	Apocynaceae	8
31	Amla	Phyllanthus emblica	Phyllanthaceae	4
32	Bottle Brush	Callistemon viminalis	Myrtaceae	7
33	Devil Tree	Alstonia scholaris	Apocynaceae	3
34	Orange Jasmine	Murraya poniculata	Rutaceae	1
35	Nimboo	Citrus Limon	Rutaceae	1
36	Fan Palm	Washingtonia	Arecaceae	3
37	Areca Palm	Wishingtonia	Arecaceae	9
38	White Firangi pani	Plumeria	Apocuanaceae	2



Green Audit Report, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

39	Ashoka Tree	Saraca indica	Fabaceae	8
40	Gulab	Rose indica	Rosaceae	5
41	China Rose	Hibiscus rosa-sinesis	Malvaceae	8
42	Raat ki Rani	Cestrum nocturnum	Solanaceae	3
43	Scarlet bush	Hamelia	Rubiaceae	1
44	Kaner	Thevetia peruviana	Apocynaceae	1
45	Corn plant	Dracaena	Asporagaceae	7
46	Kaner	Nerium oleander	Apocynaceae	1
47	Tecoma	Tecoma stans	Bignoniaceae	5
48	Jatropha	Jatropha curcas	Euphorbiaceae	6
49	Nimboo	Citrus limon	Rutaceae	1
50	Har-Shingar	Nyctanthus arbor- tristis	Oleaceae	1
51	Euphorbia	Euphorbia	Euphorbiaceae	8



Photo 4: Canteen Area

The canteen area of the college is known for its beautiful greenery, which adds a sense of tranquility to the space. The greenery in the canteen area not only enhances the aesthetics but also provides a healthy environment for the students to relax and unwind in between their classes. The college administration takes pride in maintaining and developing this green space and encourages students to appreciate and respect the natural beauty of their surroundings. The plants and trees act as a natural air filter, absorbing pollutants and improving air quality. They also reduce noise levels and provide shade, making the canteen area a pleasant place to study, relax or socialize with friends. The greenery creates a calming and refreshing atmosphere and encourages students to take a break from their busy academic schedules, connect with nature, and de-stress.





Photo 5: Hospitality Garden

The well-manicured lawns, shrubs, and trees provide a natural backdrop to the hospitality department and create an inviting ambiance for visitors and guests. The greenery is frequently maintained and is watered regularly, ensuring that it remains healthy and vibrant all year round. The hospitality department is proud to have this natural beauty on display and believes that it adds a touch of elegance and sophistication to the guest experience.

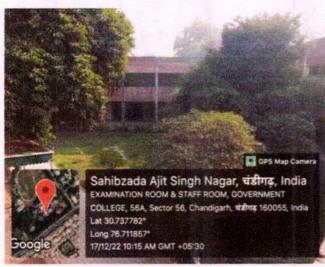


Photo 6: Molsari Garden



Photo 7: OSA Park



Green Audit Report, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar





Photo 8 & 9: Biodiversity Area

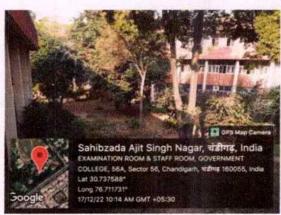




Photo 10 & 11: Botanical Garden





Photo 12 & 13: GCM Society Area







Photo 14 & 15: Herbal Garden

Table: Medicinal Plants in Herbal Garden

S.No.	Common Name	Botanical Name	Family
1	Curry Leaves	Murraya koenigii	Rutacea
2	Pathar Chatt	Bryophyllum pinnata crassulaceae	Combrataceae
3	Pathar Chatt	Bryophyllum, Diagremontanum	Combrataceae
4	Tulsi	Oscimum sanctum	Combrataceae
5	Basil	Oscimum bassilicum	Lamiaceae
6	Ashwagandha	Withania somnifecae	Sulanaceae
7	Lemon Grass	Cymbopogon citratus	Poaceae
8	Lettuce	Lectuca stiva	Astraceae
9	Sadabahar	Vinca rosea	Apocynaceae
10	Four o'Clock	Mirabilis jalapa	Nyctginaceae
11	Akarkara	Anctylus pyrethrum	Astraceae
12	Ajwain	Plectrenthus ambionicus	Apiaceae
13	Mint	Mentha Arvensis	Lamiaceae
14	Aloe vera	Aloe barbandensis	Asphodeliaceae
15	Datura	Detura stramonium	Solanaceae
16	Dada Thor	Euphorbia roylena	Euphorbiaceae
17	Opuntia	Opuntia fiurs-indica	Cactaceae
18	Agava	Agave attennata	Asparagus
19	Tradescantia	Tradescantia sillamontana	Commelinaceae

GURU NANAK BAGICHI

Along with the plantation of the aforementioned trees, an additional tribute was made to the revered Shri Guru Nanak Devji in the form of the Guru Nanak Sacred Forest. The term 'bagichi'



Green Audit Report, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

means 'small garden' in Punjabi. Established in October of 2019, this hallowed ground features 550 trees of 44 different varieties, planted in honor of the 550th Parkash Purab of Shri Guru Nanak Devji. This forest stands as a loving testimony to the spiritual and earthly legacy of the great Guru, embodying his teachings of reverence and harmony with the natural world. With each breath of fresh forest air, one is invited to reflect on the profound wisdom and compassion of Guru Nanak, and to take inspiration from his enduring example of service and love for all beings. The list of tree varieties are as below:

S.No.	Common Name	Botanical Name	Family	No. o
1	Arjun	Terminalia arjuna	Combrataceae	25
2	Behda	Terminalia bellerica	Combrataceae	25
3	Simbal	Bombax ceiba	Malvaceae	25
4	Tun	Toona ciliata	Meliaceae	10
5	Bakain	Melia azedarach	Chinaberry	20
6	Banyan/bargad	Ficus benghalensis	Moraceae	4
7	Black siris	Albezia lebbeck	Fabaceae	20
8	Desi kikar	Acacia nilotica	Mimosoidae	25
9	Desi mango	Magnifera indica	Anacardiaceae	20
10	Dhak(Chichera)/palash	Butea monosperma	Fabaceae	40
11	Goolar	Ficus racemora	Moraceae	8
12	Harde/harar	Terminalia	Combrataceae	20
13	Jamun	Syzygium cumini	Myrataceae	20
14	Jand/shammi/khejri	Prosopis cineraria	Fabaceae	40
15	Neem	Azadirachta indica	Meliaceae	20
16	Peepal	Ficus relogiosa	Moraceae	4
17	Phulal	Acacia modesta	Mimosoideae	20
18	Pilkhan/ Polkhan	Ficus virens	Moraceae	20
19	Pajain/Papdi/Chudel Paodi	Holoptelea integrifolia	Ulmaceae	20
20	Reetha	Sapindus mukorossi	Sapindaceae	20



Green Audit Report, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar

21	Sheesham	Dalbergia sissoo	Fabaceae	20
22	Suhanjana	Moringa concanensis	Moringaceae	20
23	White siris	Albizia procure	Fabaceae	20
24	Aloobukhara	Prunus domestica	Rosaceae	25
25	Amaltas	Cassia fistula	Fabaceae	40
26	Amla	Phylanthus embelica	Phyllanthaceae	25
27	Bel/Bel Ptra	Aegle Marmelos	Rutaceae	25
28	Ber	Ziziphus mauritiana	Rhamnaceae	20
29	Dheu	Artocarpus lakoocha	Moraceae	10
30	Jhau	Tamarix dioica	Cupressaceae	7
31	Kachnar	Bauginia malabarica	Fabaceae	25
32	Khair/ katha	Acacia catechu	Leguminoseae- mimoseae	40
33	Lasora	Cordia dichotoma	Boraginaceae	24
34	Sukhchain/Karanj	Pongamia pinnata	Fabaceae	20
35	Tota	Erythrina indica	Fabaceae	10
36	Aak	Caliotropis procera	Apocynaceae	10
37	Anaar	Punica granatum	Lythraceae	15
38	Ashwagabdha	Withania somnifera	Solanaceae	15
39	Bansut/Basut/Adusa	Justicia adhatoda	Acanthaceae	15
40	Ephedra/Somlata	Ephedra geardiana	Ephedraceae	4
41	Galgal	Citrus medica	Rutaceae	10
42	Nirgundi	Vital negundo	Verbenaceae	18
43	Jhar ber/mallhe ber	Ziziphus nummalaria	Rhamnaceae	7
44	Karonda	Carissa carandas	Apocynaceae	10

The wide variety of trees in a college campus provide many benefits, such as providing shade, improving air quality, and reducing noise levels. The trees also create a peaceful and inviting environment for students, staff, and visitors to relax and enjoy the beauty of nature. These trees come in all shapes and sizes, some with sprawling canopies while others grow tall and slender.



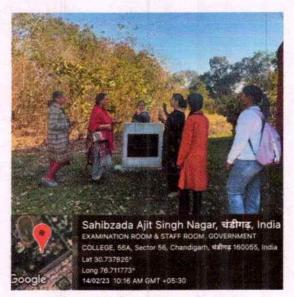


Photo 16: Guru Nanak Bagichi



Photo 17: Main Entry of College Campus



Photo 18: View of College





Photo 19: Campus view of college

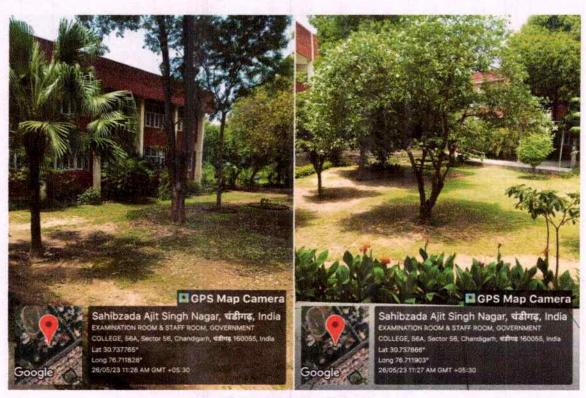


Photo 20: Green Campus



FAUNAL DIVERSITY IN S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar CAMPUS:

The college is located in Mohali. Mohali – a city in the northern state of Punjab in India, experiences a subtropical continental climate, characterized by hot summers and cool winters. The city receives most of its rainfall during the monsoon season, which occurs from July to September. While the climate can be challenging for some species, the region's diverse landscape supports a range of wildlife, including mammals, birds, reptiles, and amphibians. However, climate change and urbanization are increasingly threatening the natural habitats and ecosystems in and around Mohali. To preserve faunal diversity in the area and promote sustainable growth, careful conservation efforts and ecological planning are crucial.

Table: Common and Scientific names of birds and animals

S.No.	Common Name	Scientific Name Pavo cristatus	
1.	Peacock		
2.	Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	
3.	Green Parrot	Psittacara holochlorus	
4.	Squirrel	Sciuridae	
5.	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	
6.	House Crow	Corvus splendens	
7.	Common Cuckoo	Cuculus canorus	
8.	Various species of Snake	Naja naja, Pantherophis	
9.	Common Woodshrike	Tephrodornis pondicerianus	
10.	Red-Vented Bulbul	Pycnonotus cafer	
11.	Koel	Eudynamys scolopaceus	
12.	Little Owl	Athene noctua	
13.	Cat	Felis catus	
14.	House Wall Lizard	Podarcis muralis	
15.	Pigeon	Columba livia	
16.	Chameleon	Chamaeleo chamaeleon	
17.	Monitor Lizard	Varanus bengalensis	
18.	The Grey Indian Mongoose	Urva edwardsii	
19.	Yellow Wasp	Ropalidia marginata	
20.	Butter Fly	Danaus genutia	



21.	Skylark	Aluda gulgula	
22.	Garden Tiger Moth	Arctia caja	
23.	Oleander Hawk Moth	Daphnis nerii	
24.	Cockroaches	Periplaneta americana	
25.	Housefly	Musca domestica	
26.	Earthworms	Lumbricus	
27.	Honeybees	Apis indica	
28.	Mosquitoes	Culex, Anopheles	
29. Rabbit		Oryctolagus cuniculus	

The reserved forest area contains large number of insects, centipedes, millipedes, grasshoppers, etc.



Photo 21: Pavo cristatus



Photo 22: Acridotheres tristis



Photo 23: Psittacara holochlorus



Photo 24: Sciuridae





Photo 25: Passer domesticus



Photo 26: Corvus splendens



Photo 27: Cuculus canorus

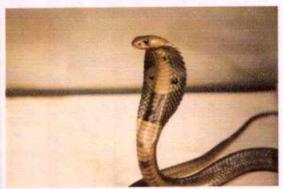


Photo 28: Naja naja



Photo 29: Tephrodornis pondicerianus



Photo 30: Pycnonotus cafer





Photo 31: Eudynamys scolopaceus



Photo 32: Athene noctua



Photo 33: Felis catus

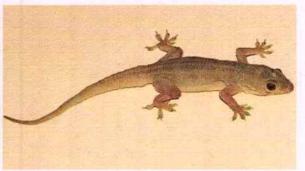


Photo 34: Podarcis muralis



Photo 35: Columba livia



Photo 36: Chamaeleo chamaeleon





Photo 37: Varanus bengalensis



Photo 38: Urva edwardsii



Photo 39: Ropalidia marginata



Photo 40: Danaus genutia



Photo 41: Aluda gulgula



Photo 42: Arctia caja





Photo 43: Daphnis nerii



Photo 44: Periplaneta americana



Photo 45: Musca domestica



Photo 46: Lumbricus



Photo 47: Apis indica



Photo 48: Culex, Anopheles



Photo 49: Oryctolagus cuniculus



WEATHER DATA MONTH WISE Mohali (Source: meteoblue)

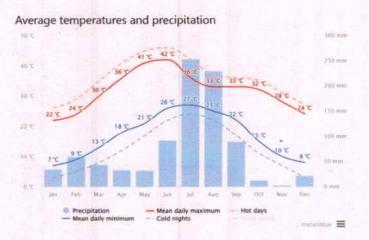
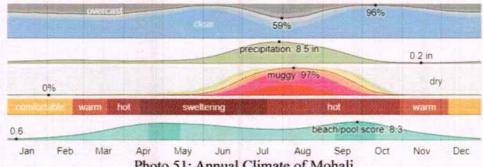


Photo 50: Average Temperature and Precipitation in Mohali

As a planned city located in the Mohali district of Punjab, India, Mohali showcases a blend of urban development and natural beauty. The city's geographical coordinates are latitude 30.7046° N, and longitude 76.7179° E. The altitude of the city ranges from 304 meters (997 feet) to 335 meters (1,099 feet) above sea level. The city is situated on the foothills of the Shiwalik Range of the Himalayas, and much of its surrounding landscape comprises undulating terrain, with sporadic hills and hillocks. The city's climate is tropical, with hot summers and mild winters, with an average temperature ranging between 25-30 degrees Celsius. Monsoon rains arrive in the city in June and July and last until September, adding to the natural beauty of the region. Despite the growing urbanization and development in recent years, Mohali has managed to retain much of its natural charm, making it an excellent destination for tourists and visitors seeking to experience the best of urban infrastructure and nature.

CLIMATE GRAPH MONTH WISE Mohali:







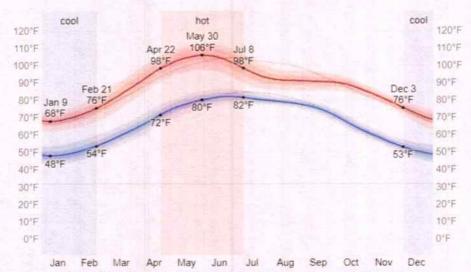
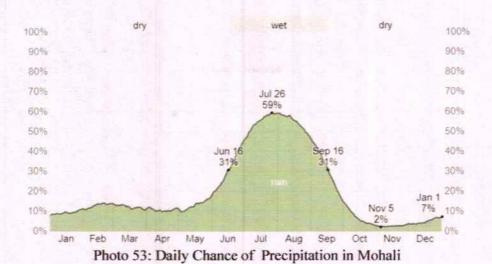
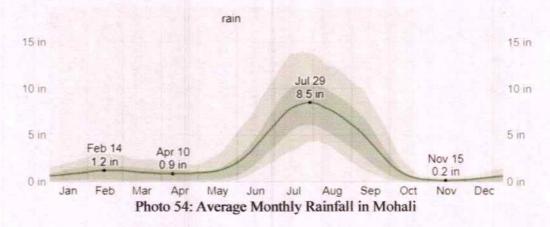
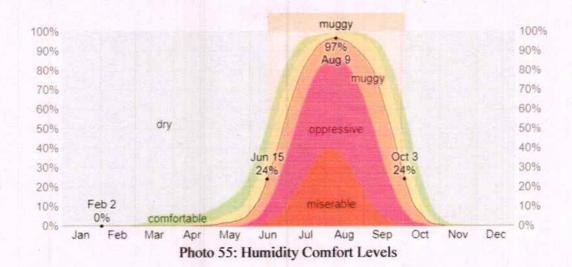


Photo 52: Average High and Low Temperatures of Mohali



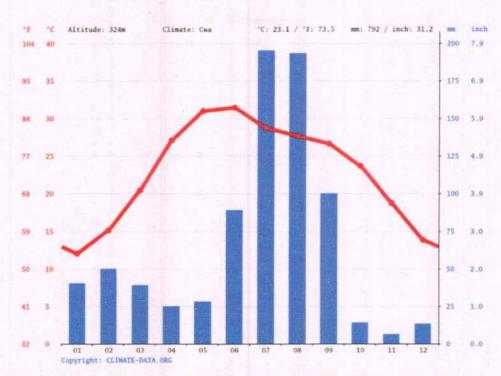






Source: https://weatherspark.com/y/108786/Average-Weather-in-Mohali-India-Year-Round

CLIMATE GRAPH // WEATHER BY MONTH MOHALI



The least amount of rainfall occurs in November. The average in this month is 6 mm | 0.2 inch. Most precipitation falls in July, with an average of 195 mm | 7.7 inch.

Photo 56: Climatic Bar Graph of Mohali

Source: https://en.climate-data.org/asia/india/punjab/mohali-15360/



AIR QUALITY IN MOHALI AND S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

The present air quality in Mohali, latest to May 27, 2023 appears to be moderate. According to the real-time air pollution data for Punjab, the current air quality index (AQI) for the state is rated as "MODERATE" level. However, it's important to note that air pollution can vary based on several factors, including seasonal changes, weather conditions, and human activities. Some studies have also noted the impact of regional contributions on air quality in cities, suggesting that certain pollutants may impact the air quality in Mohali and surrounding areas. Therefore, it's critical to continuously monitor the air quality in the city to ensure that preventive measures are taken to maintain healthy air quality levels.



Photo 57: Air Quality Index Statistics of Mohali

AIR QUALITY DETERMINATION:

Parameter	Result (Range)	
NO ₂	40 μg/m³	
SO ₂	15 μg/m³	
O ₃	63 μg/m³	
PM _{2.5}	53 μg/m³	
PM ₁₀	107 μg/m³	



СО	326 μg/m³	
Humidity	54 %	
Barometric Pressure	1010 mbar	
Wind Speed	4 km/h	
Wind Direction	From Southeast	
Sun Rise	05:21 (64° Northeast)	
Sun Set	19:19 (296° Northwest) 14:35 (92°)	
Moonrise		
Moonset	02:12 (271°)	

WATER ANALYSIS REPORT OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

(Courtesy: Consultancy Cell, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar)

Water quality testing plays a crucial role in detecting contaminants in water and preventing waterborne diseases. Using or consuming dirty water can lead to severe health complications and even fatalities. Therefore, it's crucial to ensure that drinking water is free from bacteria and disease, making it safe and clean for consumption. The parameters for water quality are determined based on the intended use, with particular emphasis on water intended for human consumption or in environmental settings. As such, work in water quality is primarily centered on ensuring that drinking water is thoroughly treated, safe, and free from potential health risks.

Drinking water indicators:

The following is a list of indicators often measured by situational category:

- Alkalinity
- Colour of water
- > pH value
- Taste and odour (geosmin, 2-Methylisoborneol (MIB),etc.)
- Dissolved metals and salts (sodium, chloride, potassium, calcium, manganese, magnesium)
- Microorganisms such as fecal coliform bacteria (Escherichia coli), Cryptosporidium, and Giardia lamblia; (see Bacteriological water analysis)
- Dissolved metals and metalloids (lead, mercury, arsenic, etc.)



- Dissolved organics: colored dissolved organic matter (CDOM), dissolved organic carbon (DOC)
- Heavy metals

RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

To harness the benefits of rainfall and reduce runoff, a rainwater harvesting system has been implemented on the college campus. The system consists of a collection of roof surfaces that channel water into large tanks designed for percolation and groundwater replenishment. With a total storage capacity of 1.5 million liters per year, the system is capable of collecting 1.3 million liters for groundwater recharge, and 200,000 liters for routine use around campus. The installation of three large tanks, each holding up to 10,000 liters, has been instrumental in optimizing the benefits of this system. By covering 80% of the college's roof area, this project provides a sustainable source of surface water supply in addition to reducing dependence on underground water. The stored water is used for various purposes such as watering the lawns, potted plants, and kitchen gardens, and even cleaning purposes. By promoting sustainable water use, the rainwater harvesting system helps to minimize pollution and increase overall eco-friendliness. Ultimately, this approach not only increases water availability during the dry summer months but also improves the quality of underground water by diluting any salinity.

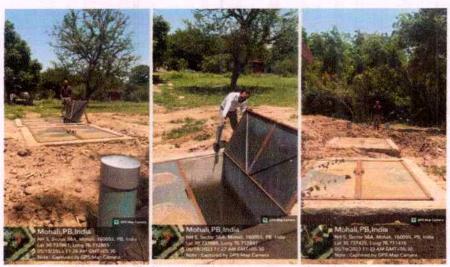


Photo 58: College's Rainwater Harvesting System





Photo 59: College's Rainwater Harvesting System

NOISE LEVEL IN THE SURROUNDING OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

In populated areas, man-made sounds constantly inundate the human ear from all directions, leaving few places where one can experience relative quietude. There are two basic properties of sound:

- Loudness
- > Frequency

When it comes to sound, loudness represents the strength of sensation that is perceived by an individual and is measured in Decibels (dB). For instance, the lowest just audible sound is about 10 dB, followed by a whisper at 20 dB, a library around 30 dB, and a normal conversation ranging from 35-60 dB. Heavy street traffic measures up to 70 dB, while noise from a boiler factory can reach up to 120 dB, and the take-off of a jet plane can generate about 150 dB, with a rocket engine reaching 180 dB. Typically, an individual can tolerate sounds up to 80 dB. However, sounds that exceed 80 dB can be harmful to the hearing system and are classified as pollutants. According to the World Health Organization, the safe noise level for a city is 45 dB. International standards consider a noise level of up to 65 dB as tolerable. Loudness is also expressed in Sones, where one Sone reflects the loudness of a 40 dB sound pressure measured at 1000 Hz. Finally, the frequency, measured in Hertz (Hz), is expressed as the number of vibrations per second.

MATERIALS, STUDY AREA & METHODS:

Noise level meter or noise measuring app, Noise test pro (version: 1.0.2), was used to measure the noise level. Noise test pro detects any noise, music or sound in the surroundings. It tells the maximum, minimum and average value of noise in decibels.





Photo 60: Noise Measurement by Noise Test Pro App

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE:

The noise level was recorded at the different Important Locations of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar. At each spot, the measurements were taken for 60 seconds during day time (6 AM- 6 PM) and the measurements were noted down. Screen shots of the measurements of noise were taken immediately on the app at the time of 60th second of each measurement.

RESULTS:

The results of the experiments at different places have been tabulated in the following table:

Table 1: Measurements of Noise in and around S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar.

PLACE	MEASUREMENTS (Duration in Sec.)	MINIMUM (dBA)	MAXIMUM (dBA)	AVERAGE (dBA)
GCMSIP (Inside)	60	54.4	83.0	64.1
GCMSIP (Outside)	60	44.1	79.1	51.0
Tuck Shop	60	42.6	68.5	50.5
Sabrang Hall	60	39.9	64.0	44.5
Canteen (Inside)	60	42.5	70.1	51.5
Canteen (Outside)	60	48.3	69.7	54.6
Physics Lab	60	42.7	74.4	50.9



Girls Common Room	60	49.0	67.1	53.5
Front of Principal's Office	60	53.7	69.1	60.0
Hotel Management	60	41.9	57.2	49.8
Corridors	60	51.6	62.5	56.7
Boys Hostel	60	35.0	61.2	43.5
Girls Hostel	60	41.2	71.2	49.0
Botany Deptt.	60	53.0	65.0	58.3
Commerce Deptt.	60	49.3	76.5	60.9
Corridors (1st Floor)	60	48.5	78.4	56.9
Library	60	41.2	71.2	49.0
Office	60	48.3	69.6	54.7

Source: Data collected by Mr. Balwinder Saini, Department of Computer Science and Applications, S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar. After the study, the measurements of noise have been recorded inside and outside of S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar.

Inside the Campus: 35-75 dBA

Outside the Campus: 54-85 dBA

WASTE DISPOSAL OF S.M.H.S. Government College, S.A.S. Nagar:

Waste disposal refers to the process of collecting, treating, and disposing of waste materials generated by human activities in an environmentally responsible manner. Effective waste disposal practices help to safeguard public health and preserve natural ecosystems by minimizing the negative impacts of waste on the environment. This includes taking steps to minimize the amount of waste that is produced, as well as treating and disposing of waste in a way that is safe, efficient, and sustainable. At the college level, waste disposal is a critical component of maintaining a safe and healthy learning environment, and requires a coordinated effort from all members of the community.

It is imperative that we prioritize proper waste disposal practices. Our responsibility to minimize our collective impact on the environment extends beyond the boundaries of our campus and into the wider world, and for this, we endeavor to exceed all regulatory standards for waste management. Adopting an approach that is both mindful and efficient enables us to protect our natural resources for future generations, and we take this responsibility seriously. With a strategic plan for waste disposal that prioritizes sustainability and ecological

NA LUDHIAND

responsibility, we set an example for other institutions and make a tangible contribution to the broader cause of environmental prosperity.

As members of our college community, we recognize the urgent need to reduce our carbon footprint and safeguard our natural environment. Toward that end, we have adopted a series of environmentally-friendly practices designed to minimize waste and promote sustainability. We are committed to reducing our carbon emissions both by responsibly disposing of old products and by sourcing new ones with as minimal an environmental impact as possible. By reusing or recycling the products, we are contributing towards the conservation of natural resources, saving energy, helping to protect the environment and reducing the landfill. The waste from all around the college is separated daily as wet and dry waste in different bins which are disposed separately. Dry waste includes paper, cardboard, glass, tin cans, wrappers, etc. and on the other hand, wet waste refers to organic waste such as vegetable peels, left-over food, etc. Separation of waste is essential as the amount of waste being generated today causes immense problem. The horticultural waste like dry leaves, grass, weeds, etc. is disposed in compost pits constructed in college campus. Any biologically reusable waste generated on campus is thoughtfully transformed into organic manure for use in our college gardens. All non-biological dry solid waste produced on campus is transported to the community bin of the Mohali Municipality, in accordance with rigorous waste disposal standards. In addition, our efforts extend to initiatives such as energy conservation, waste recycling, and carbon neutrality. Through these critical measures, we remain steadfastly committed to protecting the natural world for generations to come.



Photo 61: Compost Pit for organic waste collection





Photo 62: Garbage bins for dry solid waste collection



Photo 63: Dry waste is collected and non-biological solid dry waste is sent to Municipality pit through rehriwalas

ROOF TOP SOLAR PANELS

The College has installed a 52KWp capacity Solar Power Plant for electricity generation which produces electricity and sends it to the local grid which is helpful for an electricity bill reduction. Most of the buildings are constructed considering the need for Light and ventilation which reduces the use of electricity. The air conditioners are used only in essential conditions in the laboratories and offices to reduce electricity consumption.



View of Installed Rooftop Solar Panels







Another View of Installed Rooftop Solar Panels



Clean and green campus recognitions/awards

ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ

ਵਣ ਅਤੇ ਜੰਗਲੀ ਜੀਵ ਸੁਰੱਖਿਆਂ ਵਿਭਾਗ ਪੰਜਾਬ, ਦਫ: ਵਣ ਮੰਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ, ਸਾਹਿਬਜਾਦਾ ਅਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਨਗਰ, ਵਣ ਭਵਨ, ਸੈਕਟਰ 68, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ. ਨਗਰ। E-mail:- <u>dfosasnagar@gmail.com</u> Phone No. 0172-2298027

ਸੇਵਾ ਵਿਖੇ,

ਪ੍ਰਿੰਸੀਪਲ,

ਸ਼.ਮੇ.ਹ.ਸਿੰ.(ਸ਼ੋ.ਚੱ.ਵਿ) ਸਰਕਾਰੀ ਕਾਲਜ ਸਾਹਿਬਜਾਦਾ ਅਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਨਗਰ।

ਨੰਬਰ: ਲੇਖਾ/ 2087 ਮਿਡੀ 47 2023

ਵਿਸ਼ਾ: ਕਾਲ

ਕਾਲਜ ਕੈਂਪਸ ਵਿਖੇ ਹਰਿਆਲੀ ਅਤੇ ਰੁੱਖਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੀਤੇ ਨਰੀਖਣ ਸਬੰਧੀ

ਸਰਟੀਫਿਕੇਟ ਜਾਰੀ ਕਰਨ ਬਾਰੇ।

ਹਵਾਲਾ:

ਆਪ ਦਾ ਪੱਤਰ ਨੰ: 525 ਮਿਤੀ 03.06.2023

ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਤੇ ਹਵਾਲੇ ਅਧੀਨ ਪੱਤਰ ਦੇ ਸਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਣ ਰੇਂਜ ਅਫਸਰ, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ. ਨਗਰ ਅਧੀਨ ਕਰਮਚਾਰੀਆਂ ਵਲੋਂ ਮੌਕਾ/ਇੰਸਪੈਕਸ਼ਨ ਕਰਕੇ ਇਸ ਮੰਡਲ ਨੂੰ ਟੈਲੀਫੋਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸੂਚਿਤ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਸਬੰਧਤ ਕਾਲਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਹੁਤ ਵਧੀਆ ਮਿੰਨੀ ਹਰਬਲ ਪਾਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਮਿੰਨੀ ਫਾਰੈਸਟ ਬਣਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਲਈ ਨਿਮਨਹਸਤਾਖਰ ਵਲੋਂ ਆਪ ਦੇ ਕਾਲਜ ਨੂੰ Certificate of Excellence ਦਿੱਤਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ।

ਸਹਿਪੱਤਰ ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਵਣ ਮੰਡਲ ਅਫਸਰ, ਐਸ.ਏ.ਐਸ. ਨਗਰ।

Certificate of Excellence

Shaheed Major Harminderpal Singh (Shaurya Chakra) Government College S.A.S. Nagar, Punjab

This certificate of Excellence is awarded for initiating the novel idea of creating a Guru Nanak Sacred Forest, a mini urban forest with native Species in April 2019, a model project in the region to protect a Sustainable environment. The mini forest amalgamates the aspects of ecosystem diversity, curative diversity (a wide variety of medicinal plants) and cultural diversity (including spiritual values) successfully. The creation of the urban mini forest in the college has been of great significance towards documentation and preservation of genetic heritage. This project is in congruence with the essence of National Education Policy 2020 and is an endeavor to provide holistic and multipliciplinary education by involving academia, youth, government and private agencies.

Dated:

Sh Kanwar Deep Singh, IFS,

Divisional forest Officer,

SAS Nagar.